#### Live Sessions Week 5:

# Essential Skills 9 and 10: Tree and Plant Identification, and Vegetation Classification





Walnut Viburnum



#### Importance of these skills

Plants and vegetation very important. They can tell us about:

- Soil composition
- Climate
- Microsite conditions
- Wildlife use of the area
- Past disturbances



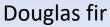
#### Essential Skill #9: Tree and Plant Identification



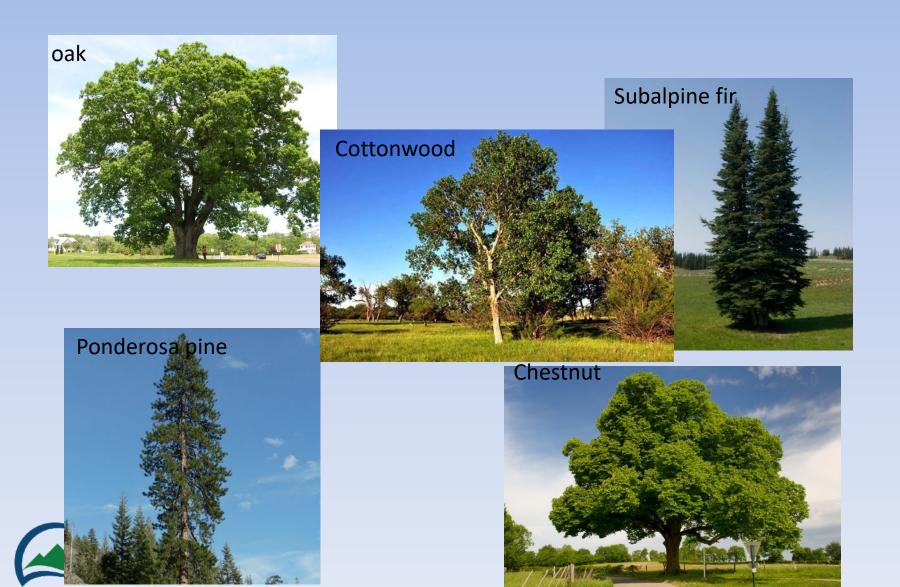
Red osier dogwood



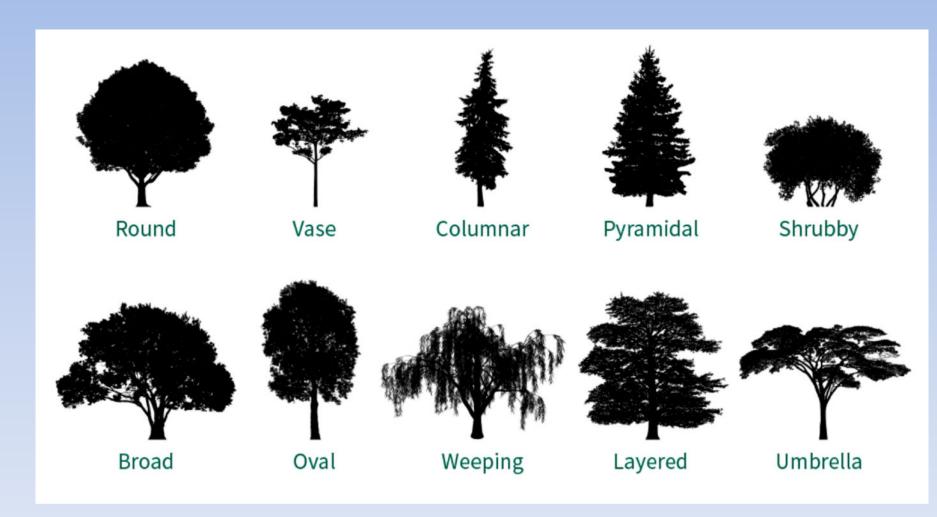
Reed canary grass



#### **Growth forms of Trees**



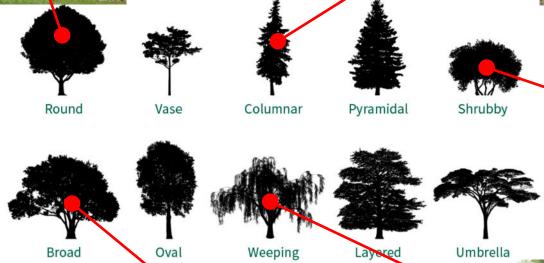
#### **Growth forms of Trees**











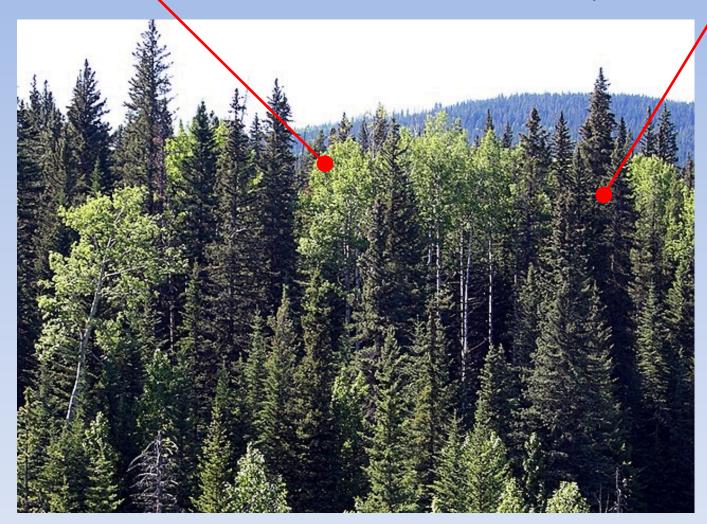






Round growth form Trembling aspen

Columnar growth form A species of fir





#### White spruce



Black spruce





#### Winter Identification

#### Indicators when leaves not present

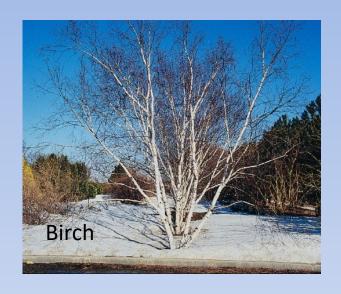
- 1. Growth form
- 2. Cast leaves on the ground
- 3. Leaf scars or buds on twigs and branches
- 4. Winter berries
- 5. Bark







# (1) Winter growth form



versus





versus

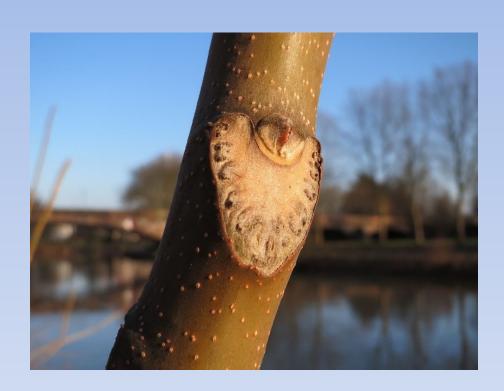


### (2) Cast leaves on ground





# (3) Leaf scars and buds



Leaf scar



Buds





Opposite branching

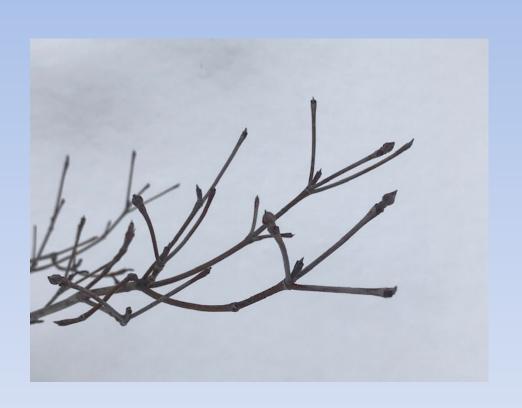


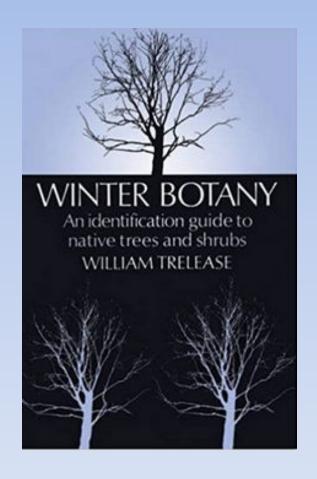


Alternate branching











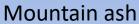
### (4) Berries in winter

#### Juniper





Snowberry







Sea buckthorn





# (5) Bark in winter

Bark colour



Bark textures









# **Collecting Plants**





#### **Ethical Considerations**

The collection of plant materials can have serious impacts on both the target plant species and the surrounding habitat

- When collecting samples make sure that it will not permanently harm that species
- Do not dig up a whole plant if you don't need to
- Do not collect excessively from one plant or one area.
- Learn the rare and endangered species in your area and avoid using these as samples.
- Consider where are you taking from.



# Photographing plants









#### **Pressing Plants**

#### Plant press

Top pressing down

Cardboard providing stability

Plants sandwiched in paper



# **Mounting Plants**









**Labelling Plants** 



FLORA OF AMISTAD NATIONAL RECREATION AREA

County and State: Val Verde, TX

Scientific Name: Leucaina retusa Benth.

Family: Fabaceae Park Code: AMIS Common Name: golden ball leadtree Cat. #: 60688

Acc. #: 00312

Locality: Pecos River, Weir Dam off Hwy 90

Elevation: UTM Z/E/N:14/264059/3299383

Habitat: Bank of Pecos River at base of limestone cliff, dense tree and

shrub vegetation

Description: Tree, leaflets elliptical, base asymmetrical, flower head

globose to 2 cm diam, flowers yellow.

Collector & Collection Number: W. Weckesser 1682

Collection Date: 4/22/2014

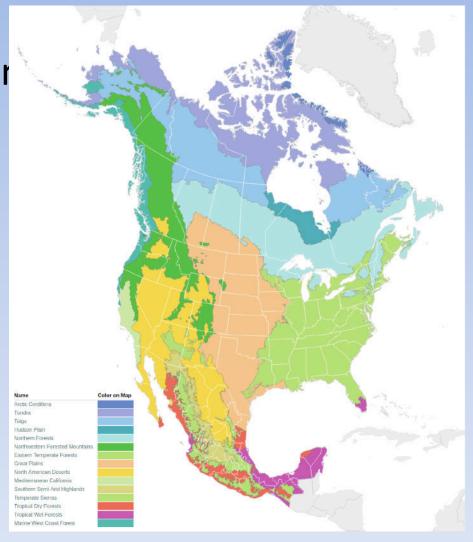
National Park Service Form 10-512 (Herbarium Collection)



#### Essential Skill #10: Vegetation Classification

Ecological classification tells us about:

- 1. Soil condition
- 2. Climate
- 3. Microsite conditions
- 4. Link to use of landscape





### Indicator species

Pines
Well drained soils
Uplands away from water



Cottonwood
Well drained soils
Soils well watered



### Indicator species – another example







# (1) Soil conditions

Soil drainage

Poor



Pine



Soil nutrients

Poor

Rich



Canada lily





#### Douglas fir forest

### (2) Climate

#### Ponderosa pine forest



Cool and wet

Climate



Hot and dry

Wetter, greater water availability (north facing)



Drier, less water availability (south facing)



### (3) Site conditions







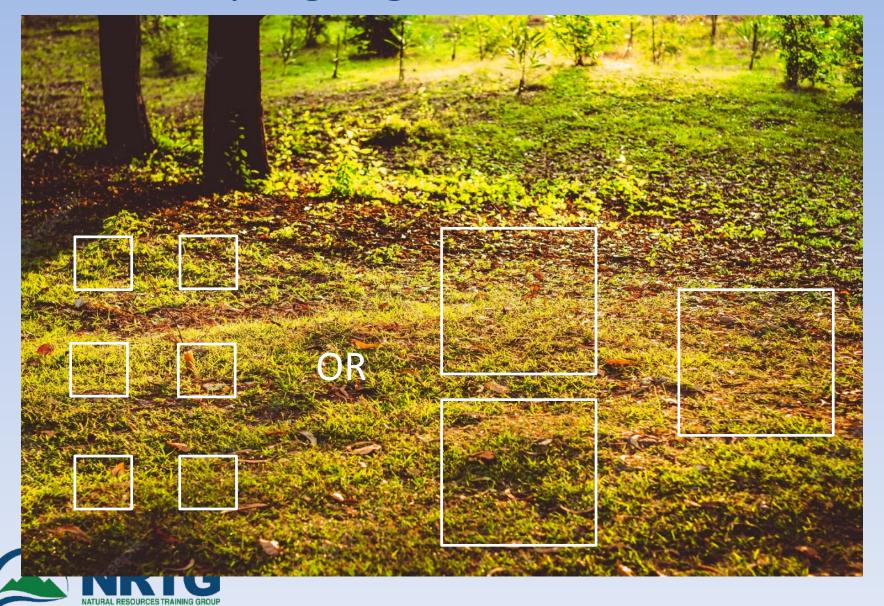


### (4) Links to use of landscape



Mature mixedwood forest adjacent to regenerating cutblock





























#### Essential Skills 9 and 10: summary

#### This week we focused on:

- Identifying plants using growth form, leaves on the ground, leaf scars and buds, berries and bark.
- Plant collecting.
- The importance of indicator species for telling us about soil conditions, climate, microsite conditions, and links to the landscape
- Some tips on using quadrats for measuring plant cover.

